

Acute triangle

A triangle with three acute angles

Equiangular triangle

A triangle with three angles, each measuring 60°

Obtuse triangle

A triangle with one obtuse angle

Scalene triangle

A triangle with no equal sides

Isosceles triangle

A triangle with two sides of equal length

Lines may be used to mark the sides of a figure. A single line represents one side length, double lines another, and triple lines a third. For example, a triangle that has a single line marking each side has three sides of equal length.

Triangles are named by their angles and by their sides.

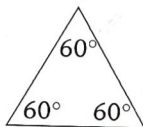
Triangles Named by Their Angles

Acute



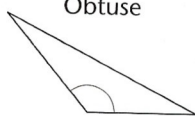
Each angle of an **acute triangle** measures less than 90° .

Equiangular



All of the angles of an **equiangular triangle** measure 60° .

Obtuse



One angle of an **obtuse triangle** measures more than 90° .

Right



One angle of a **right triangle** measures 90° .

Triangles Named by Their Sides

Scalene



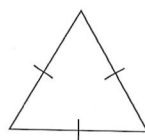
Each side of a **scalene triangle** is a different length.

Isosceles



Two sides of an **isosceles triangle** have the same length.

Equilateral



All of the sides of an **equilateral triangle** have the same length.



Arcs are used like lines to show angles. On a triangle that has two angles marked with a single arc, those two angles are of equal measure.

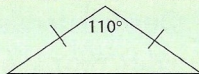
TRY THIS



You can use these characteristics of triangles to name triangles.

EXAMPLE 1

What name or names best describe this triangle?



Step 1

Consider the angles of the triangle. Because one angle measures more than 90° , it is an obtuse triangle.

Step 2

Consider the sides of the triangle. Because two sides have the same length, it is an isosceles triangle.

Step 3

Name the triangle: The triangle is *obtuse isosceles*.

Naming Triangles

EXAMPLE

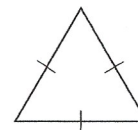
Triangles can be classified according to their sides.



Scalene



Isosceles



Equilateral

Directions Fill in the chart by writing the classification word to describe the triangle with the given sides.

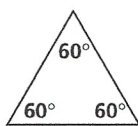
Triangle—Measurements of the Sides	Classification
2.5 inches, 1.5 inches, 2.0 inches	1. _____
11 cm, 8 cm, 6.5 cm	2. _____
2 feet, 3 feet, 3 feet	3. _____
35 mm, 35 mm, 35 mm	4. _____
5 units, 10 units, 5 units	5. _____

EXAMPLE

Triangles can be classified according to their angles.



Acute



Equiangular



Obtuse



Right

Directions Fill in the chart by writing the classification word to describe the triangle with the given angles.

Triangle—Measurements of the Angles	Classification
$60^\circ, 60^\circ, 60^\circ$	6. _____
$30^\circ, 110^\circ, 40^\circ$	7. _____
$60^\circ, 15^\circ, 105^\circ$	8. _____
$90^\circ, 70^\circ, 20^\circ$	9. _____
$70^\circ, 30^\circ, 80^\circ$	10. _____